THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. XXI. TUESDAY, May 12, 1807. No. 1077.

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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION FOR THE *PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.*

Two Dollars a Year—One Dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, the other at the end of six months, if demanded. When the paper is sent by post, the postage must be paid, in addition to the subscription.

Advertisements, not exceeding a square, inserted three times for One Dollar, and every continuance after, 25 Cents. Those exceeding a square, in proportion. Persons sending advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

☞ *Handbills, Blanks, and Printing in general, executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch.*

JAMES HOPE,
LADIES SHOEMAKER,

In Market-Street, next door to Mr. Zadok Cramer's Book and Stationary Store,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies of Pittsburgh, that he has on hand an elegant assortment of LADIES SHOES, of every description, which he will warrant, and sell low for Cash only.

He has also on hand a handsome assortment of MOROCCO and KID SKINS, with which Merchants may be supplied, (wholesale or retail) as well as with Ladies Shoes.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1807.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed from his late residence in Market Street, to his House in the Public Square, next door to Mr. Boyle Irwin's, where he has opened for sale a large and handsome assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, &c.

which he will sell at his usual low prices for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1807.

☞ A generous price will be given for *HEMP.*

All persons indebted to him by bond, note, or book account are earnestly requested to make payment, as it is out of his power to give any further indulgence.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT forty miles from Pittsburgh on the Ohio river, a handsome tract of 400 Acres of Land, a large proportion thereof is first rate, about thirty acres under improvement, there are three excellent Sugar Camps, a Grist mill and Distillery in good repair on the premises. It is well calculated for Ship or Boat Building, abounding with timber of the first quality, the buildings are replete with conveniencies for the immediate reception of a family; likewise on the bank of the river, a good House and valuable Lots, an eligible stand for a store or any other business. The property will be disposed of low for cash. The title is indisputable. For terms apply to *WILLIAM C. LARWILL*, Attorney at Law, at the Post Office, Fawcett's Town, State of Ohio, who has several other Tracts of Land for Sale in this neighbourhood.

August 15, 1806. tf

CASH.

The highest price in Cash will be given for all kinds of

Oak and Hemlock Bark, Hides,

and *Calf Skins, &c.*

FOR SALE,

A large quantity of Leather.

Apply to, JOHN HANCOCK.

Pittsburgh, March 2, 1807. 2m.

NEW QUEENSWARE
AND
GLASS WAREHOUSE.

THE subscriber has imported by the late arrivals, and is now opening at his Warehouse, No. 224, Market street, BALTIMORE, a choice and extensive assortment of *QUEENSWARE* and *GLASS*, which he is determined to sell at the Philadelphia prices. Having made arrangements with the most respectable factories in England, he will be always supplied with the best ware and newest fancy patterns, and flatters himself, that as carriage is much lower from Baltimore than Philadelphia, it will be an inducement to the western merchants to give him their orders, which will be attended to with the greatest punctuality.

THOMAS STEWART.

Baltimore, No. 224, Market Street, }
February 1st. 1807. }

To be Rented or Sold,

And possession given immediately,

A LARGE and commodious Dwelling House, suitable for a Tavern and Store, with convenient and useful back buildings, stabling and garden, in the Town of Franklin. A place well calculated for public business, at the junction of French creek and Allegheny river. For terms apply to.

ALEXANDER M'DOWEL.

Franklin, April 1st, 1807.

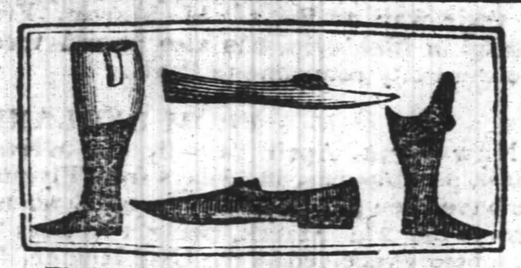
FOR SALE,
Forty-Six barrels of Tar,

together or by the barrel; if sold together, an approved Note at Sixty Days will be taken. Apply to

WM. GAZZAM.

Market Street, Pittsburgh.

April 21, 1807.



DENNIS MURPHY,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public, that he has removed to Second Street, next door to the sign of the SWAN, where he carries on the above busines in all its various branches. From his experience in business, the excellent quality of his leather, and the neatness and strength of his work, he flatters himself he will give satisfaction to those who may please to employ him.

He has now on hand, and shall constantly keep a handsome assortment of READY MADE WORK, to supply travellers, or merchants, or others, ascending or descending the rivers.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1807.

Broke into the plantation of the subscriber living in Pine Township, Allegheny county, on the 15th inst. a Bay *MARE*, about six years old, a natural trotter, shod all round, part of her mane and tail cut short. The owner is desired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

THOMAS MALLARSON.

Pine Township, April 27, 1807.

The Subscriber has removed his
SCHOOL

From Fourth to Second Street, opposite the *Cash-Bank*. He teaches English in an approved manner; and where there is capacity in his pupils, and *regular* attendance upon School hours, he engages to make them, in due time, *good readers*, so as, not only to read the usual *School routine* gracefully, but also, *Polite Literature*, in all its branches, with *Air*, *Voice*, and *Action*, suitable to the subject.

Having had a *Classical Education*, and the opportunities of the best company, which ever give the *truest pronunciation*; he hopes, without boasting, to make good his assertions, and pledges himself to the public, that he will use his utmost exertions to promote, not only the aforesaid very desirable ends, but also a suitable proficiency in *Writing*, *Figures*, &c. &c.

THOMAS ABRAHAM.

Pittsburgh, April 27, 1807.

N. B. Rooms to Let from 1st May—also, a good Stable, with stalls for six horses.

COPPER WARE HOUSE.

BENJAMIN HARBESON, JUN.
No. 75 Market-street, Philadelphia,
Has usually the following articles
FOR SALE,

COPPER in sheets and bottoms,
Tin in boxes,
Iron Wire assorted,
Brass Kettles in nests,
Pewter assorted,
Block Tin and Lead,
With Copper Wares of various kinds.

All of which he will sell at *moderate prices.*

April 1, 1807. 6t

Five Dollars Reward.

ON the 4th of April a young woman, who called herself *Elizabeth Johnston*, purchased from a merchant in this place sundry articles, amongst which were a *Blue Umbrella* and *White Cambric Muslin*. When she was questioned where she lived, she replied within two miles of *Andrew Jack's* on the Ohio; and as there is no person in that neighbourhood of that name, the presumption is, that she has given a fictitious one, and assumed the name of a woman in the neighbourhood of Pine creek, from which circumstance it is thought she lives over the Allegheny river—as the names of *A. Jack* and *E. Johnston* were familiar to her. The above reward will be paid for giving information to the printer hereof. May 4, 1807.

TO THE
Friends of that noble and useful animal,
THE HORSE.

THE subscriber, BLACKSMITH, FARRIER, AND PROFESSOR OF THE VETERINARY ART, after long experience, successful and extensive practice in that sublime science, has been induced to offer his services to the public at large, and of Pittsburgh in particular, in all diseases or accidents, from whatever cause arising, to which that beautiful and noble creature, the horse, can possibly be subject, whether external or internal.

Although it is always best, at all times, to call for the assistance of the veterinarian professor, on the first symptoms of disorder, or immediately after an accident, yet the science is now brought to such perfection, that the owner of a good horse or cow ought never to despair while there is life: for without quackery or imposition, it may truely be said, that the medicines are so powerful and efficacious, that they bid defiance to the most obstinate case, and will resist every thing but destiny or fate, to which proud man must himself must submit.

The chirurgical part of the profession will be performed with the utmost dexterity. Trimming, Docking, Cropping, Hogging, Cutting, Nicking, Burning and Bloodletting done to the greatest nicety at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

Race horses plated in the handsomest manner, and with the greatest ease to the foot. This requires the particular attention of the lovers of the turf, as it is very certain many good horses have lost a race for want of being well plated.

The public's most obedient and most Humble Servant,

JOHN M'CLELLAND,

In Third Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

April 29, 1807.

On Thursday, the 22d ult. was left with the subscriber, living at Craig's Ferry, on the Monongahela, opposite Pittsburgh, by a young man, who calls himself William M'Kelvey, a dun coloured *MARE*, supposed to be about 14 hands high; also, a Saddle almost new, with a Bridle and Saddle-bags. He said he would return in the evening, but since which time I have not seen or heard from him. I hereby give public notice, that unless the said M'Kelvey, comes forward in three weeks from this date and pays the expence of keeping said Mare, she will be sold to defray the expences which have and may accrue.

JOHN CALDWELL.

May, 1, 1807.

NOTICE.

AS I have declined business for some time, I wish all those who have any demands to come and receive payment, and those who are indebted to come forward and discharge their accounts. Those who neglect this notice may rest assured that they will be proceeded against according to law. JOHN WILLS.

N. B. The House and Store Room is to be Let, and immediate possession given. Pittsburgh, May 4, 1807.

Law of Pennsylvania.

A Supplement to, and making perpetual, an act entitled, "An Act for the recovery of debts and demands, not exceeding 100 dollars, before a Justice of the Peace, and for the election of Constables, and for other purposes."

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Justices of the Peace, of the several counties of this state, and Aldermen, shall have jurisdiction of all causes of action arising from contract, either express or implied, in all causes where the sum demanded is not above 100 dollars; except in cases of real contract, where the title to lands or tenements may come in question; or action upon promise of marriage.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That the right to appeal from the judgment of a justice or alderman, rendered on award of referees, shall be allowed in all cases where the judgment shall exceed 20 dollars; subject to all the consequences resulting from and by the 4th section of the act to which this is a supplement, to the party appellant if he shall fail; and subject moreover to the payment of 4 dollars, to be paid by such party in lieu of the counsel-fee, which the opposite party may have paid, in sustaining his cause before the court. And, on the reversal, or an abatement, of the amount of a judgment brought from before a justice of the peace or alderman, by appeal, the defendant, if the appellant, shall be allowed his daily pay and costs only, in case he produces no evidence, before the court, other than that which he exhibited before the justice or referees; or in case of his having offered legal security, if he is not a freeholder; for his appearance on an after day; or being a freeholder, was refused time to prepare or produce his proofs; or, in case of judgment against him, by default, the plaintiff refused his consent to a re-hearing.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That a defendant who shall, in any case, refuse or neglect to set off his book account against a plaintiff, which shall not exceed the sum of 100 dollars, before a justice of the peace or alderman, shall be, and is hereby, forever barred from suing against the party plaintiff, by any after suit. But, in case of judgment, by default, the defendant, if he has any account to set off against the plaintiff's demand, shall be entitled to a re-hearing before the justice or alderman, within 20 days, on proof being made, either on the oath or affirmation of the defendant, or other satisfactory proof, that the defendant was absent, when the process was served, and did not return home before the return day of such process; or, that he was prevented by sickness of himself, or other unavoidable accident. And the justice or alderman shall have power to render judgment for the balance, in favor of the plaintiff or defendant, as justice may require.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of the person in whose favor such judgment may be given, in all cases of payment of the amount thereof, together with the costs, within three months thereafter, either by himself or his agent, to enter satisfaction on the docket of the justice or alderman, under a penalty of one fourth of the amount of the debt paid, for the use of the party aggrieved; except where one of the defendants (if there be more than one) shall by a writing to be filed by him in the said office, within twenty days after payment, forbid the plaintiff so to do. And the usual fee, for entering satisfaction, shall be charged to and paid by the defendant.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That process to be awarded against a constable, for default, may be directed to, and be executed by, any other person who shall consent thereto: And having so consented, by accepting of such process, shall be bound to execute the same, under a penalty of 20 dollars; to be recovered as other fines are recoverable by the act to which this is a supplement.

Sect. 6. *And be it further enacted by the athority aforesaid*, That it shall be the duty of each and every alderman and justice of the peace, in case of his resignation or removal from office; and of his legal representatives, in case of the death of such alderman or justice of the peace; to deliver his docket together with all the notes, bonds, accounts, and papers in his possession, touching any judgment or suit entered thereon, to some other alderman of the city, or to the nearest justice of the county. *Provided*, That if the alderman or justice, so having resigned or been removed, or the legal representative of a deceased alderman or justice, shall choose to retain the said docket; he or they shall, on demand, deliver a certified transcript of any judgment or proceedings, in any suit therein, to the party or parties interested, under the penalty of 100 dollars; to be recovered, by the party grieved, in the same manner as debts of that amount are by law recoverable. And the said alderman or justice of the peace, to whom the said docket or transcript shall be delivered,

shall issue process and proceed thereon in the same manner, and with the like effect, as the said justice, so having died, resigned, or having been removed, might have done, if he had remained in office.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That if the party defendant, shall not reside in the county where a judgment is had against him, before a justice of the peace, the person in possession of the docket in which such judgment may be entered, on application to him made by the plaintiff, or his agent, shall make out, certify, and deliver to such applicant, a transcript thereof; and also deliver all evidence in his possession, connected therewith, for the fee of 25 cents. For the recovery of the amount thereof, with costs, any justice of the peace, in any county where the defendant may reside, or can be found, may proceed as in other cases.

Sect. 8. *And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid*, That any justice of the peace or alderman shall take cognizance of any matter or thing made so by this act, and the act to which this is a supplement, for any sum exceeding 100 dollars, if the parties voluntarily appear before them for that purpose; and shall proceed for the recovery thereof, by entering judgment, if confessed, or if submitted to him by reference: but no execution shall issue, before the expiration of one year from the date of such judgment, if the party defendant, is a freeholder, or shall have entered special bail. And the party, plaintiff, shall have the right, at any time before the execution is issued, to file in the office of the prothonotary of the proper county a transcript of such judgment; which shall remain a lien on the real estate of the defendant, until paid: but no execution shall be granted by the said prothonotary, the justice or alderman, for the recovery thereof, with interest, before the expiration of one year, counting from the date of the judgment, except the defendant is not a freeholder, or shall not have entered the requisite bail before the justice. But if it shall afterwards appear, by due proof, on oath or affirmation, that there is just cause to believe that any such judgment was confessed, for the purpose and with the view to defraud just creditors; it shall be the duty of the justice or alderman to transmit a certified transcript of his proceedings to the prothonotary of the proper county, who shall file the same for adjudication of the court of common pleas; whose judgment thereon shall be final. And if, on trial of the merits of the cause, it shall be found that the sum, for which judgment was confessed, was not actually due at the time; both the parties, if both shall have been privy to the fraud, shall each pay a fine equal to the amount of such fraudulent judgment; and shall also pay the reasonable costs and expences of the party prosecuting; or, in case of inability to pay such fine and costs, shall be imprisoned for six months. But if it shall appear on such trial, that the judgment was just, the party prosecuting shall pay all the costs to such judgment.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That where any writ of *Certiorari* shall be issued, to remove the proceedings before, or judgment of, any justice of the peace or alderman; the judgment of the court of common pleas thereon shall be final; and no writ of error shall issue thereon. And awards made out by referrees, though not under seal, shall be good and available.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That, in all cases where a warrant or *capias*, on original process, may be issued against the person of a debtor, it shall and may be lawful for the proper constable of any township, town, ward, or district to take bail for the appearance of the defendant, before the justice from whom said warrant or *capias* may have been issued, in the following words:

"We, a A. B. and C. D. are held and firmly bound unto E. F. constable of in the sum of on condition that the said A. B. shall be and appear before G. H. Esq. justice of the peace in the of on the day of to answer unto in a plea of

"Witness our hands and seals, the day of

And if, on the return of the said warrant or *capias*, the defendant shall not appear and enter bail, before the justice, in the nature of special bail, the constable may assign the obligation aforesaid to the Plaintiff, if he will accept the same; which obligation may be sued, in the name of the plaintiff, as assignee of the said constable: but if the bail for the appearance, so taken by the constable, shall be insufficient, the constable shall be liable therefor, as sheriffs now are, to the plaintiff or plaintiffs named in the warrant or *capias*; notwithstanding such assignment. But, if the defendant shall appear, and enter special bail, the justice may proceed to the final determination of the suit, according to law; and, after judgment, such bail shall be proceeded against, by scire facias, and shall be liable in the same manner as special bail is now liable, in cases in the courts of common pleas, and may surrender the principal to the jail of the proper county, within 10 days after service of the scire facias, in discharge of the bail.—And provided also, that the bail to the constable may enter sufficient special bail to the suit, or cause it to be entered, at the return of the warrant or capias in discharge of the obligation; where the defendant may neglect or refuse to appear: In which case, the justice may proceed in the same manner as if the defendant had appeared.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the act, entitled, "An act, for the recovery of debts and demands, not exceeding 100 dollars, before a justice of the peace, and for the election of constables, and for other purposes," except the 21st section thereof, be, and the same is hereby, made perpetual.

Sec. 12. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid*, That the 1st and 15th sections of the act to which this is a supplement, be, and they are hereby, repealed.

SIMON SNYDER, *Speaker of the House of Representatives.*
P. C. LANE, *Speaker of the Senate.*

WE do hereby certify, that the Bill, entitled, "A supplement to, and making perpetual, an act entitled, "An act for the recovery of debts and demands, not exceeding 100 dollars, before a justice of the peace, and for the election of constables, and for other purposes therein mentioned," was presented to the governor, on Thursday, the 26th ultimo; but was not returned, by him within ten days (Sundays excepted) thereafter; and agreeably to the constitution, it has become a law.

GEORGE BRYAN, *Clerk of the Senate.*
MATTHEW HUSTON, *Clerk of the House of Representatives.*

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 25.

Yesterday afternoon arrived at this port, in the excellent passage of 30 days from Antwerp, the fine ship Ocean, capt. Girdon. By this vessel we have received Paris papers to the 14th March, and progressed in our translations of their contents when we received the New-York papers, containing continental articles four days later. We shall give a preference to these, reserving our own translations, for the next number of the PHILADELPHIA GAZETTE.

Capt. Girdon, left the city of Antwerp on the 20th March, previous to which repeated rumours had been received from the scene of war. These reports, though intended to represent France, as still victorious, were evidently defective in detail; and the current opinion at Antwerp was that the Russians, not only had kept their ground, but had obtained considerable advantages over the enemy. The idea, it will be observed, coincides with the verbal accounts received at New-York from Bordeaux.

We find in our Paris papers, under the head of Hague, March 1, a deplorable representation of the effects of the gale in the Texel of the 18th Feb. which it seems was followed by one nearly as destructive on the 26th of the same month.

On the 18th Feb. the French took possession of the small town of Naugarten. In this affair they lost but 3 men killed and 22 wounded—The Russians lost their cannon, 100 men killed, and 138 men taken prisoners.

It was reported that the Turks had gained a partial advantage over the Russians.

Passwan Oglou has paid the debt of nature. Two of his principal officers, each with a considerable force, are contending for the succession as Pacha of Widden.

The Emperor of Austria perseveres in a strict neutrality.

FROM FRANCE.

NEW-YORK, April 24.—The ship Eliza, Capt. Smith, left Bordeaux on the 25th of March. We have received by her our regular file of French papers to the 20th, inclusive. They add to our former stock of intelligence two more bulletins (the 63d and 64th) from the grand army. The most interesting circumstances being detailed in that of the 64th, we have confined our translations for the present to that article only.

FRENCH GRAND ARMY.

Sixty-fourth Bulletin.

OSTERODE, March 2.—The city of Elbing furnished great resources to the army. There was found in it a great quantity of wine and brandy. The country of the lower Vistula is very fertile.

The Ambassadors of Constantinople and of Persia have entered Poland, and approach Warsaw.

After the battle of Eylau the Emperor passed every day several hours on the field of battle. A horrid spectacle, but duty rendered it necessary. It required much labour to bury all the dead. A great number of bodies of Russian officers were found with their decorations. It appears there was among them a Prince Repnin. Forty-eight hours after the battle, more than 500 wounded Russians remained on the ground they had not been able to carry off. Brandy and bread was brought them, and they were successively transported to the hospitals.

Let one figure to himself upon the surface of a square league 9 or 10,000 dead bodies, 4 or 5000 horses slain, lines of Russian knapsacks, pieces of muskets and swords, the earth covered with Bullets—Obus's munitions, 24 pieces of cannon near which were the bodies of the conductors killed at the moment they were making efforts to drag them off, all which appeared more forcibly upon a ground of snow. A spectacle calculated to inspire princes with the love of peace and the horrors of war.

The 5000 that we had wounded have been all filed off or sent to Thorn and our hospitals on the left bank of the Vistula upon sleighs.—The surgeons have remarked with surprise that the fatigue of this conveyance has not injured the wounded.

Here are some details of the battle of Braunsberg. Gen. Dupont marched against the enemy in two columns. Gen. Brayare, who commanded the right column, met the enemy at Ragern, and forced him into this river, which runs in front of this village. The left column pushed the enemy upon Villenberg, and the whole of the division did not delay sallying out of the wood. The enemy driven from this position, was obliged to fall back upon the river which covers the city of Braunsberg; at first he stood firm, but Gen. Dupont marched up to him—overset him by a brisk charge, and entered with him into the city, which was strewed with the Russian dead.

The 9th of light infantry, the 32d, and 9th of the line which composed this division, have have signalized themselves. Generals Barrois, Lahoressaye, Colonel Semele of the 24th of the line—Col. Meunier of the 9th of light infantry, the chief of battallion Douge, of the 32d of the line, and the chief of a sqaudron Hublnet of the 9th of hussars, have merited particular eulogiums.

Since the arrival of the French army on the Vistula, we have taken from the Russians in the affairs of Pultusk and Golymin 89 pieces of cannon, at the Briegfreid, 4 pieces; at the retreat of D'Allensteen, 5 pieces; at the battle of Depen, 16 pieces; at the battle of Hoff, 12 pieces; at the battle of Eylau, 24 pieces; at the battle of Braunsberg, 16 pieces; at the battle of Ostrolenka, 9 pieces—total 175 pieces of cannon.

The remark has been made on this subject that the emperor has never lost any cannon in the armies which he has commanded when in the first campaigns of Italy and Egypt, or in those of the army of reserve, whether in those of Austria and Moravia, or in those of Poland.

PARIS, *March* 14.—The memorable battle of Eylau has confounded the attempts made by the Russians to disturb our winter quarters; and the battles of the 16th and 22d February, have finished to entirely disconcert their projects. H. S. H. Arch Chancellor Prince of the Empire, has embraced the occasion of these fortunate successes to supplicate H.M. Empress and Queen to approve of a festival which she has condescended to accept of. This festival is to take place to-morrow, (15th) at the palace of the Great Elector, that her majesty the Queen of Naples has kindly ceded for that purpose.

Several French who were in Russia have quitted that empire to avoid the vexatious obligations prescribed by the Ukase, relating to them—Already, many have passed by Nantz, in their way to Paris. M. Martin, French Consul in Moldavia, has also passed through the same city returning to Paris.

FROM ENGLAND.

NEW-YORK, April 24.—By the arrival of the ship Philinurus, in 26 days from Plymouth, we have been put in possession of London papers to the 22d March, being two days later than before received by the Gold Hunter, from which the following acticles are extracted.

LONDON, *March* 22.—The duke of Portland, who at his majesty's command has undertaken to form a new administration, continues occupied in that important, and we incline to think, arduous arrangement. Lord Hardwicke yesterday attended his majesty at Windsor; and in the evening a meeting of the new cabinet took place at Burlington house, to receive the further communication of the royal pleasure.

A French squadron, consisting of 9 sail of the line and a frigate, which, for some time, had been lying in the outward harbour of Brest ready for sea, appears, by letters which have reached town from Plymouth, to have escaped through the passage Du Raz. It is conjectured that they are bound to America, to relieve the the two ships blockaded there by the British cruizers. The facility with which the French ships have of late arrived at Brest, or sailed from thence, proves one of two things—either that the project of blockading that harbour is absurd, or that there is a criminal neglect in the execution of it.

The blockade of Triest has been rased for the present, in consequence of a conference between the governor and the British commodore; the port, however, continues shut against the English and Russian vessels, and if that unwarrantable system of exclusion is still persisted in, the blockade will be of course resumed.

Dispatches are daily looked for at the admiralty from the Rio Plata. A report was afloat yesterday that accounts had been received of the taking of Monte Video—the statement was at least premature.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY, May 12, 1807.

A letter of a recent date from New-Orleans, says: "The crops of cotton, which will be exported this year from the Mississippi is 35,000 bales, sugar 12,000 hhds. tobacco 3,000 hhds. flour 250,000 bbls.—The present price of cotton 20 1-2 cents French wt.

Counterfeit Ten Dollar Notes, of the Bank of Philadelphia, are in circulation. The paper onwhich they are done is considerably thicker and rather more of the white than the genuine note; and upon a close examination, the whole of the execution appears coarse and clumsy, and has the appearance of being done with a pencil. In the word *promise* the letter *s* is larger than any of the others. The lines in the Pennsylvania arms, are evidently not engraved, but done with a pencil or pen—and in the margin of the note the deception is particularly striking. The signatures are heavy, and look as if copied and run over with the pen.

We are told that counterfeit Half Dollars are now in circulation. They represent the emission of 1806, and can easily be detected by a comparison with the genuine coin.

We have been informed, and we have good reason to believe the information correct, that the double-barrelled gun, belonging to the Frenchman who murdered David Pollock, on the Allegheny, some time ago, and which Hugus said his companion had sold, has been found, near the house in which they were taken, concealed in a hollow log; together with a leather glove, which was quite stiff with *clotted blood*. This circumstance places the guilt of Hugus beyond the possibility of a doubt.

Massachusetts Election.—It appears pretty certain from the returns which have come in for Governor of Massachusetts, for the ensuing year, that gov. Strong will be ousted, and Mr. Sullivan, the democratic candidate, elected in his place. This circumstance will completely throw the government of this once respectable state into the hands of the democrats.

To the Printer of the Georgetown, S. C. Gazette.

SIR,

Passing through this place, on my way to the Federal City, I happened to take up one of your newspapers and was astonished at the absurd and monstrous falsehoods which Mr. Perkins has introduced into his account of what he terms the arrest of col. Burr. I travelled with the col. from Natchez, was with him till within half an hour of his illegal seizure, and had just then separated from him with the intention of rejoining him in a few hours. I am able therefore to contradict the above falsehoods from my own knowledge, and being able, I feel it an act of justice to do so. Col. Burr was neither in disguise nor was he going to the Spaniards. His dress was as usual, except that he had on a pair of coarse overalls to preserve his pantaloons from being soiled. He rode on one of the best geldings in the western country; he was in the high road to Carson's ferry on the Tombigbee river, which is the direct and indeed the only road through Georgia, &c. to the Federal City, to which place he was proceeding, and was accompanied by Mr. Brightwell, the sheriff of Washington county in the Mississippi territory, whom he had engaged to pilot him as far as the ferry, where he intended to wait the arrival of his servants and baggage, who were at some distance behind. It was in this situation he was stopped by Mr. Perkins and lieut. Gaines, with 8 or 10 men, without the colour of any civil process whatever, and forcibly hurried on a journey of more than a thousand miles, those who had seized him carefully avoiding every town and village, least their conduct might be examined into by some judicial power.

When col. Burr voluntarily surrendered himself at the mouth of the Bayou Pierre, he entered into recognizance, himself in the sum of five thousand dollars, and two sureties in the like sum, to appear before the district court which was to be held shortly afterwards, to answer any bills that might be found against him. He did appear, and the grand jury found no bills against him. The col. then demanded a release from his recognizance, which the court refused. Knowing the refusal to be illegal, he troubled himself no further about the recognizance but set out a day or two afterwards, as I observed for the Federal City.

I have been informed by a gentleman who left Natchez some time after me, that Judge Rodney thinking the bond which had been given by col. Burr and his sureties could not be recovered, had undertaken to draw a new bond, which he saved these gentlemen the trouble of signing, by signing it for them; and surrendered this new bond to the governor as forfeited, for which, my informant added, the judge had been indicted for forgery.

I am,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble servant,
ROBERT ASHLEY.

N.B. If it had been the wish of col. Burr to go to Florida, by taking a south course from Natchez, he might have reached that country in less than a day, the line between the Spaniards and the Mississippi territory, being only about forty miles below Natchez. On the contrary, the col. as I mentioned, was on the high road to the Federal City, and had travelled about three hundred miles nearly eastward.

THE HAPPINESS OF LIFE REGULATED BY THE PRECEPTS OF VIRTUE;
OR, THE
HISTORY OF BARCAS.
An Oriental Tale.

IN a lovely valley, between the chalky cliffs of Chaldee, watered by a perennial stream from the ancient Euphrates, BARCAS, descended from the patriarchs of old, had pitched his tents. A towering oak, venerable with age, the shadow of whose spreading branches offered a cooling retreat from the noon tide rays, stood before them; and a lofty grove of citrons and pomegranates, delighted the eye of traveller, and gave its spicy odour to the fluttering breeze. His doors were always open to the stranger and the fatherless; the indignant found in him a generous benefactor. He delighted to remove the chilling hand of poverty from the unfortunate, and to pour the balm of comfort into the breast of the friendless. Filled with generous principles of virtue and beneficence, he was not contented with enjoying happiness himself, but desirous of extending it to all the human race.

He always pitched his tents within the sight of some principal road, that the weary traveller might find refreshment, and rest securely after the toils of the day.

Among the rest that visited the hospitable tents of Barcas, was Selim, prince of Aden, who had been driven from this country by the Sophi of Persia. His countenance was clouded with cares and disappointments, and his attention wholly employed in meditation on his misfortunes.

Barcas received the unfortunate stranger with that cordial affection, which had endeared him to the inhabitants of the neighboring countries. He treated him in the most hospitable manner, and endeavored by a cheerful and engaging conversation, to banish that melancholy which preyed upon his mind; but finding all his endeavours fruitless, he thus addressed the Prince of Aden:

"Some misfortune, heavier than those common to the sons of men, has doubtless befallen thee, and thy spirits are unable to support the ponderous weight: But tell me, thou that hast drank deep of the cup of affliction, is it possible to remove the cause of thy grief, or to mitigate thy sorrow? Is the dart of affliction pierced so far into thy breast, that it cannot be drawn, and is the wound too deep to admit of a cure? Remember that the path of life lies along the margin of the river of adversity, and every human being is obliged to drink often of its bitter stream. But, let not the misfortunes common

to all the sons of men discourage us, nor deprive us of those innocent pleasures, which the bountiful Father of the universe hath scattered around us with a liberal hand."

"Thy reasonings, Barcas," replied the stranger, "are doubtless just: But misfortunes like mine are too many to be removed, and too heavy to be supported. Thou canst not be a stranger to the melancholy fate of Selim, Prince of Aden.—He lately flourished like the tall cedar on the mountains, and was eminently distinguished among the princes of the earth. The oppressed of the different nations implored his protection, and at his command the proud tyrants of the neighbouring countries laid the rod of oppression aside. But the haughty Persian prevailed against him, and laid his honors in the dust. His populous cities are destroyed, and deluged with the blood of their inhabitants; his fruitful fields are turned into a desert, and his wives and children captives in the house of an imperious master!—O Barcas! can misfortunes like these be supported with patience, or lessened by the generous aid of friendship? I very well know, that if thy wisdom could point out a remedy for my grief thy sincere desire of being serviceable to all the sons and daughters of affliction, will not suffer thee to conceal it; but this, I fear is a task beyond thy power."

"Selim," replied the shepherd of Chaldee, "thy misfortunes are certainly grievous, and heavy to be borne; but let not thy hours be spent in fruitless complaining; nor dare to pry into the arcana of heaven. Call not the afflictive turns of life evil, until thou art able to comprehend the intention for which they were sent; and the good which, for aught thou knowest, may rise from them. View thyself with care and sincerity, and take a true list of all thy vices; remember the All-wise Being is best acquainted with thy frame, and considers that thou art but a child of dust. Blame not the governor of the universe, because thou canst not search the profundity of his measures, nor find out the depth of his judgments; consider thy sight at present as imperfect, and confined within very narrow limits. But thou shalt soon put off the veil of mortality, and thou shalt then be capable of surveying things which are now invisible."

These reflections revived the heart of Selim, and his countenance became tranquil and serene. He thanked the generous Barcas for his friendly advice, and departed from his hospitable tents in peace.

From a London paper.

A letter received by a gentleman in Brighton, from an officer lately restored to liberty, from a French prison contains the following anecdote.

"My confinement in the Temple, with Moreau, Georges, Pichegru, and captain Wright, made me witness of scenes which still haunt my imagination; and some day, when we have the happiness to meet over a clean fire-side, I'll rouse your indignation by a repetition of them. —The only time I laughed in France, was at the relation of an incident which occurred to a poor Irishman, who was one of O'Connor's guides, and considered a clever man in the knowledge of roads in England.—Berthier, minister of war, sent for him, and began telling him that the expedition against England, would shortly sail, in three divisions, one to Dover, and the others to places adjacent; that they would act seperately, and that the object of each was to reach London as soon as possible, when, *of course*, the country would be conquered! Now says Berthier, how would you recommend me to go to London from Dover! recollect that I wish to be there as soon as possible. Och! my dear! says O'Leary, *take the mail coach!* 'Tis needless to add, that poor O'Leary was disgraced."

NEW PATENT STILLS,

On a Cheap and Easy plan,

The greater part of which are composed of Wood, on which account they will come much lower than Copper Stills, and are calculated to single five times a day, with much less fuel and trouble than common stills, as one fire boils both stills.

THE subscribers having purchased the the Right of *Allegheny*, *Beaver*, and *Butler* Counties, inform the public that they have now a set of said stills in operation on the farm of Mr. William Davis, 3 miles below Pittsburgh, where persons wanting to purchase may see them, and convince themselves of their utility;—and as they cannot be long in operation this season, those wanting to purchase will do well to apply early, to

ALEXANDER M'NICKLE, *Pittsburgh*,
HUGH DAVIS, *3 miles below ditto*,
JAMES SAMPLE, *Beaver County*.

May 11, 1807.

N. B. A generous allowance will be given to persons purchasing for one or more Townships.

A. KONIGMACHER & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED,

By the late arrivals from Liverpool, London, and Bristol,

A large and general assortment of

HARDWARE;

Which they offer *For Sale* on liberal terms,

AT THEIR STORE, NO. 141,
Market street, Philadelphia.

April 20, 1807. 1m

THE many inconvencies, expenses and losses which attend the keeping of Cows in this Borough, (and which are so severely felt by every one that is needless to recite,) has induced the subscriber to offer his services to supply families with that necessary article MILK, at the following low rates, and in order to prepare himself to perform with punctuality his engagements with his customers, he has rented the fine stock farm of Springfield, so well known in the vicinity of Pittsburgh, the property of Col. O'Hara, and hopes by his punctuality and attention to his customers, to merit the support of the citizens at large.

BRINTNAL ROBBINS.

May 11, 1807.

The following are the terms:

Customers engaging for one year, 4 Cents per quart.
Casual demands, 6 Cents per quart.
Quarterly payments are expected.
He commences on the 15th of May, inst. and attends twice a day to the 1st of November, and once a day from that period to the 1st of May.
His rout will be through the following streets, and in the following order, viz: Liberty Street, Market, Fifth, Wood, Front to its eastern boundary, return by Fourth to the Diamond, where he will remain till bell-ringing, both winter and summer.

N. B. Subscription papers are left with the different printers, where those wishing to engage are invited to subscribe.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, on the night of the 7th inst, three private soldiers in the regiment of artillerists of the United States, viz:—ROBERT JINKINS, twenty-one years of age, five feet ten inches high, blue eyes, dark short hair, and fair complexion, was born in Mifflin County, Pennsylvania:—JOSHUA HALL, twenty-seven years old, 5 feet 7 3-4 inches high, hazle eyes, black hair and dark complexion, was born in Anne Arundel County, Maryland,——and WILLIAM GORDON, aged 23 years, 6 feet and half an inch high, has black eyes, dark hair and dark complexion, was born in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, near Montour's meeting-house, where his family now lives, and most probably where they will lurk about for some time. They took with them two military coats, three white linen rifle frocks, round hats, white woolen vests, and a number of other articles of military cloathing not known.

Any person apprehending said deserters and delivering them to me at this post, or to the commanding officer of any military post or recruiting rendezvous in the United States, shall receive the above reward, or ten dollars for either, and reasonable charges.

J. S. SWEARINGEN,
Lieut. corps Arts. Comm'g.

Fort Fayette, Pittsburgh,
May 8th, 1807.

DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *to wit:*

L. S. **Be it remembered,** That on the eleventh day of April, in the thirty-first year of the Independence of the United States of America, *A. D.* 1807, *DAVID M'KEEHAN*, of the said District, hath deposited in this office, the title of a book, the right whereof he claims as proprietor, in the words following, to wit:

"*A Journal of the Voyages and Travels of a Corps of Discovery, under the command of Capt. Lewis and Capt. Clarke, of the Army of the United States, from the mouth of the river Missouri through the interior parts of North America to the Pacific Ocean, during the years* 1804, 1805 & 1806. *Containing an authentic relation of the most interesting transactions during the expedition,—A description of the country,—And an account of its inhabitants, soil, climate, curiosities, and vegetable and animal productions. By Patrick Gass, one of the persons employed in the expedition. With geographical and explanatory notes, by the Publisher.*"

In conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned." And also to the act, entitled "An act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act for the encouragement of learning, by securing the copies of maps, charts, and books, to the authors and proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned," and extending the benefits thereof to the arts of designing, engraving, and etching historical and other prints."

D. CALDWELL, *Clerk of the District of Pennsylvania.*

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale at the Court House in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Saturday, the 23d day of May, instant, at 12 o'clock, all the estate, right, title and interest of William Richardson, in the following tracts of land, to wit: One certain tract or parcel of Land, containing three hundred and seventy five acres and twenty perches, with allowance, situate on Tom's run, a branch of Chartiers creek, near the Federal springs, in Allegheny County, adjoining lands of Obediah Holmes, James Kirkpatrick, William Sill, John M'Adow, and others, surveyed on a warrant granted to William Riley, 14th March, 1785, with a small cabin, and about ten acres cleared:—

A certain tract or piece of land, containing two hundred and seventy-five acres and ninety-four perches, and allowance, on Painter's run, a branch of Chartier's creek, about seven miles from Pittsburgh adjoining lands of *R*obert Jewill, William *R*ichardson, Presley Nevil, and others, surveyed on a warrant dated 14th March 1785, granted to William *R*ichardson, on which is seventy acres cleared in possession of Thomas Williams:—

A certain tract or piece of land adjoining the above, containing one hundred and eighty-three acres and seventy-eight perches, with the allowance, surveyed on a warrant dated 14th March, 1785, granted to John Kerwin—on which is about fifty acres cleared, in possession of Isaac Williams:—

A certain tract or piece of land, on the waters of Chartiers creek, about six miles from Pittsburgh, containing upwards of two hundred acres, adjoining Philip Ross, William Lea, John Nevill, and others, surveyed on a warrant granted to John M'Clure, dated 14th March, 1785, on which is about forty acres cleared and a small apple orchard, in possession of James *R*ichardson:—

A certain tract or piece of land, situate on Little Traverse, containing four hundred and fifteen acres and twenty-three perches, and allowance, adjoining lands of John Lea Webster, Arthur Gardner, William Little, and John Anderson, surveyed on a warrant granted to George *M*ark, dated *M*arch the 6th, 1786:—

One other tract or piece of land, situate on the waters of *R*obinson's run, containing two hundred and twelve acres, and allowance, surveyed on a warrant granted to Francis Smith, dated *M*arch the 14th, 1785, with about 30 acres cleared, in possession of Joseph *M*'Elheny. Seized and taken in execution as the property of William *R*ichardson, and to be sold by

WM. M'CANDLESS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, 5th May, 1807.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be exposed to Sale on Saturday the 23d day of *May*, inst. at the Court House, in the Borough of *P*ittsbugh, the following property, to wit: One House and Lot in the town of *M*eadville, being numbered on the general plan of the said town forty-four, whereon David Campton now resides, bounded on the east by Water Street, and on the north by the lot whereon Henry *R*eickard now resides;—Also, Lot number forty-nine, in said town, whereon is erected a two Story Log House, wherein William Burnsides now resides, bounded on the west by Water Street, and on the north by Andrew Work: Also, Lot, No. thirty-eight, adjoining the last described lot on the north, and Water street on the west, subject to the purchase money: Also one Out-Lot, containing six acres, be the same more or less, about one mile from *M*eadville, being part of the east end of a piece of land formerly the property of James Hamilton, Esq.—Also, one Tract of Land containing two hundred and eighty acres, be the same more or less, situate in Sadsbury township, on the inlet of the Coniat Lake, adjoining lands of Alexander *P*ower Esq. on the south, Henry Brite, on the west, William *R*ingland on the north, and part of the same tract on the east, the property of John *M*'Clure, and whereon Joseph Smith formerly resided: Also, two hundred acres of land, situate about one mile west of the out-let of Coniat Lake, being the west part of a larger tract of land whereon Luke Stevens formerly lived, bounded on the south by land of *M*ichael *M*iller, on the west by land of the *P*ennsylvania *P*opulation Company;—Also, one hundred and fifty acres of Land, and allowance of six per cent. &c. be the same more or less, being the south east corner of a Tract of Land surveyed in pursuance of a warrant, in the name of Aaron Darley, dated the 10th, day of April, 1793, and patented to William Willink and others, bounded on the south by land of the Holland Land Company, and lands articled for with the said Company by *R*obert Killpatrick, and on the west and on the North by land of the Holland Land Company, being the residue of the said tract, subject to the payment of about one hundred and eleven dollars and sixty eight cents to the said Holland Land Company, as per agreement with Thomas *R*ogers. All the above property situate in the County of Crawford. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Frederick Haymaker, and sold by

WM. M'CANDLESS, Sheriff.

May 5, 1807.

BY virtue of a writ of testatum venditioni exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Fayette county, to me directed, will be exposed to sale ot the Court House, in the Borough of *P*ittsburgh, on Saturday, the 23d day of *May*, inst. Fifty acres of Land, more or less, situate in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of George Sill, George *P*ancake, *P*atrick Lynch, and others; subject to one hundred and fifty dollars, due therefrom to Thomas Baird, assignee of Samuel Jones. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Gasper Hessman, and to be sold by

WM. M'CANDLESS, Sheriff.

May 5, 1807.

Regimental Orders.

The 62d Regiment of Militia of Pennsylvania, Allegheny County Brigade, are hereby requested to attend for Review and Inspection at the House of William Work, in Pitt township on the third Wednesday of May, inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. The colonel flatters himself that the citizen soldiers of his regiment will appear armed and equiped agreeably to law, as they will recollect all those who fail in this particular, are subject and will incur the fines affixed by law.

ROBERT CUNNINGHAM.
Lieut. Col. Com't.

Allegheny County, May 11, 1807.

LOST,

On Friday last, the 8th inst. on the Race ground, near Hill's Tavern, a handsome BREAST PIN of an oval shape, and set round with pearl. Whoever may find it, shall receive a reward of Three Dollars, on delivering it to the Printer hereof.

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1807.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, on the night of the 30th ult. *MAMME HENRY MAMMEN*, a Corporal, in the Regiment of Artillerists of the United States. He is twenty-four years old, five feet seven and an half inches high, has light blue eyes, short fair hair and fair complexion, by occupation a seaman, was born in Prussia, speaks broken English, and walks brisk and erect. It is supposed he will make for the sea board. Had on and took with him a light frock coat, with an olive velvet cape and facings, a round furred hat, white dimity vest, two pair white linnen overalls, three shirts and a pair of shoes. He was enlisted at this place July 3d, 1806.

Any person who will apprehend said deserter and deliver him to me at this place, or to the commanding officer of any military post or recruiting party in the United States, shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges.

JAMES S. SWEARINGEN,
Lieut. corps Artillerists, com'g.

Fort Fayette, 2d May, 1807.

Ten Dollars Reward.

DESERTED, on the night of the 23d inst. THOMAS BARRY alias THOMAS O'Brien, a private soldier in the Regiment of artillerists of the United States. He is about twenty-one years old, five feet nine and an half inches high, has gray eyes, dark complexion and dark short hair, was born in Washington County, state of Maryland, by occupation a carpenter, was enlisted at this place on the 27th of March last, had on and took with him military and some plain cloathing. Any person apprehending said deserter and will deliver him to the commanding officer of any military post or recruiting party in the United States shall receive the above reward and reasonable charges.

JAMES S. SWEARINGEN,
Lieut. corps Arts. comm'g.

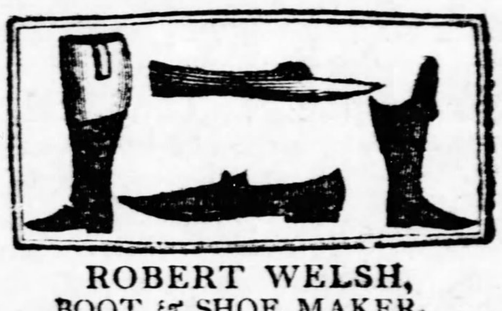
Fort Fayette, April 24, 1807.

To be Leased,

On Ground-Rent, forever,

A LOT of Ground, containing 180 feet front and 80 feet deep, situate in Second street, between Wood and Smithfield streets. For terms apply to the subscriber. *THOMAS BRACKEN.*

Pittsburgh, April 24, 1807.



ROBERT WELSH,
BOOT & SHOE MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches, at his shop in Market Street, corner of Front Street, and adjoining Mr. Porter's Nail Factory, where he will be happy to supply all those who may call on him, and flatters himself he will give satisfaction, both in the neatness and durability of his work.

He likewise informs traders and others, that he constantly keeps a handsome assortment of *ready made* BOOTS and SHOES, which he will warrant good, and which he will sell wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1807. tf.

Joseph Harbeson,

Copper Smith, Market Street, Pittsburgh,
HAS FOR SALE,

A few very heavy STILLS,

For which he will take Whiskey in payment.

Pittsburgh, February 2, 1807.

Land for Sale.

ABOUT 170 acres, on which there are 60 acres cleared and under good fence, whereon Archibald Hamilton lived, in the forks of Monongahela and Allegheny rivers, about eight miles from Pittsburgh—it joins 'Squire Alexander's, and is of the first quality.

A Tract of Land on the Nine-mile Run, about six miles from Pittsburgh, in the forks of the same rivers, on which Abdiel M'Clure formerly lived (and now William Pollock lives) including the mill—an excellent tract of land.

A Tract of Land on the waters of Racoon creek, adjoining Samuel Scott's, and near Bavington's mill, the property of the Rev. Dr. Andrews, of Philadelphia, on which the widow Andrews lately lived. It contains about 130 acres, has a considerable proportion of cleared and cultivated land, and is of an excellent quality.

A Tract of Land, about 260 acres, on which James Dryden lives, on the waters of Chartiers creek, between the Redstone and Devore ferry road, within about four miles from the town of Washington—about 60 acres cleared, and a good orchard.

Several Farms, from 150 to 400 acres, on the head waters of Racoon and Miller's Run, formerly the property of General Washington, and of an excellent quality.

For further information apply to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER ADDISON.

Jan. 21, 1807.

ISAAC WICKERSHAM,

Lately from Philadelphia.

INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the WIRE-WORKING Business in all its different branches, in the house of *Benjamin Herr*, in Market Street, corner of the Diamond, opposite the sign of the Bear, where he makes,

ROWLING SCREENS, both single and double, for cleaning of Wheat and Flaxseed.
Screens and all kinds of Riddles for Dutch Fans
Shutting and standing Screens for mills.
Reying-seives, for cleaning Wheat, Rye, Oats, Flax-seed, and Clover-seed.
Indian meal Sifters.
Screens and Riddles, for bricklayers and plaisterers.
Paper moulds, and Rag Tables
All kinds of wire work for cellar windows, spring-houses, safes, and sky-lights.
Fenders for fire places, bird-cages, rat-traps, &c. &c.

All of which are done in the neatest manner, and will be sold at the Philadelphia prices.

N. B. Orders from the country duly attended to.

LOOKING GLASSES.

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST

Imported Looking Glasses,

For Sale (for Cash only) by

WILLIAM EICHBAUM,
Front Street.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 27th, 1807.

N. B. Clock and Picture Glasses of any dimension, by the above. tf.

THOMAS PERKINS,

Respectfully informs the Public that he has just commenced the

Gold, Silver Smith & Watch *Business,*

IN Market Street, a few doors above Mr. John Scull's corner. Having served a regular apprenticeship in one of the first Shops n Philadelphia, he will engage to perform in some of the most difficult branches of the business (such as Plate Gold work, &c.) equal to any thing done in the City and at the lowest prices. He hopes, by his attention, punctuality, and experience in the business, to merit the patronage of the public.

☞ An Aprentice wanted to the above business.

Pittsburgh, October 26, 1806.

FOR SALE,

Land on the Franklin Road,

Within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh.

I will sell nine small surveys, containing from 70 to 150 acres in each tract, within 6 or 7 miles of Pittsburgh, on the Franklin road. For terms apply to Henry Haslet, Esq. who is fully authorised to sell and convey, or to

JOHN WILKINS, Jr.

Pittsburgh, July 12, 1805.

Whiskey, Peach Brandy, Flour, Oats, Corn, and Hay, will be taken in exchange for SALT. Apply to,

ROBERT SPENCER.

Pittsburgh, March 4, 1807. 3m.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Donation Land,

CONSISTING of 200 acres, No. 209, in the First District. The Land is of a good quality. It will be sold low for cash and an indisputable title given. For terms apply to *JEREMIAH BARKER*, Esq. or *JAMES MOUNTAIN*, Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

September 22, 1086. tf.

JOHN CARR,

Cabinet, Chair Maker & Turner,

LATELY FROM PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFLLY informs his friends and the Public in general, that he has removed to the three story frame House, next door to the corner of Front in Market Street, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, where he continues to carry on the Cabinet and Chair Making in all its various branches. Orders of every description will be thankfully received and duly attended to.

J. CARR, takes the liberty of informing them that he intends pursuing his business extensively, and has procured excellent journeymen from Philadelphia, as well as a good supply of stuff. He has now on hand a handsome assortment of Furniture, which he will WARRANT, and is determined to sell at the most reduced prices. He returns his sincere thanks for their past favours and hopes by his experience and attention to his business to merit a continuance of them.

Merchants and others descending the river, can be supplied at the shortest notice, for cash or the usual credit.

N. B. Country produce at market price taken in exchange for furniture.

☞ Two Journeymen Cabinet Makers will meet with good encouragement.—Apply as above.

Pittsburgh, September 5, 1805.

JOSEPH HARBESON,

At the sign of the STILL, *in Market Street, between Second & Third Sreets, just from Philadelphia, has commenced the* Copper and Tin Manufactures, *in Pittsburgh, and has now for Sale, and shall continue to keep a supply of all sizes of Stills demanded.*

STILLS of every size and description,
Copper Boilers for Brewers,
Hatters' Kettles,
Soap Boilers' ditto,
Tea Kettles,
Brass and copper Wash Kettles, and every other article in the Copper line.
A handsome assortment of Tin Ware.

It being his intention to pursue the business extensively, he hopes for the patronage of the Public, and any orders left shall be punctually fulfilled, and at the most reasonable prices.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1805.

N. B. Merchantable Whiskey at Market Price, taken in part pay for Stills.

A few Barrels good Whiskey, for Sale

One new *Brewing Copper*, ready made containing near 700 gallons.

☞ TIN by the box, for Sale.

He intends keeping on hand from 50 to 100 Stills, assorted. Any person living at a distance will not meet with a disappointment by sending here for Stills.

I WILL sell a TAN YARD in complete order, having a Bark Mill, Currying Shop and abundance of water at all seasons in the yard, Pools and Vats have been sunk, and all the buildings erected within the last eighteen months, the Dwelling House, is a Frame, two story high, extending 25 feet in front and 32 feet deep, with Cellars under the whole, in the house are four fire places. All the buildings and Vats, are inclosed by a new pale fence—This property is situate in the main street of St. CLAIRS VILLE, the County town of Bellmont County, State of Ohio. Through this town the Great National Road from the City of Washington, to the Seats of Government of the States of Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, and the several Territories passes. This property is worthy the attention of any Tanner and Currier, desirious to establish himself in a rich and populus county and in a public situation.—Terms of Sale may be made known by applying to JOHN PATTERSON, Esq. St. Clairs Ville, or to the owner at Washington, Pennsylvania.

JOHN SIMONSON.

FOR SALE—Also several quarter and half sections of Land in the counties of Jefferson and Bellmont, State of Ohio—I will dispose of a number of Tracts of donation lands in the counties of Beaver, Mercer, and Crawford, or give improving leases to those desirous of settling as tenants—Some of these Lands are already settled and improved—Also a Farm in the the county of Washington, which I will sell or lease.

JOHN SIMONSON.

February 12, 1807. tf.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE LANDS on Chartiers creek, the property of General Hand, deceased, will be Sold by his Administrators. Their excellent quality, and their vicinity to Pittsburgh will render them an advantageous purchase. Apply to CHARLES SMITH, Esq. in Lancaster, or the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

ALEXANDER ADDISON.

Pittsburgh, 15th September, 1806. tf.

Land for Sale.

A VALUABLE Farm containing two hundred acres, on the waters of Girty's Run, six miles from Pittsburgh. On this tract there is a good two story square log House, and upwards of thirty acres of clear land, part of which is in good grass, together with good stabling.—The whole of the improvements are new and in good order, and the land of the first quality.

Also, one hundred and forty eight acres on the waters of Pine Creek, twelve miles from Pittsburgh. On this farm there is fifteen acres of clear land, part in grass, together with a good cabin and stable. This land is of a good quality.

Also, two hundred acres on the waters of Conequenessing creek, in Butler county, six miles from Butler Town. On this farm there is a small improvement. This land is of the first quality. For terms apply to PHILIP MOWRY, in Pittsburgh.

August 25, 1806. tf.

FOR SALE,

A Donation Tract of Land situate in Butler county in the First Donation District, and numbered 203—containing 200 acres. The terms of sale will be made known by applying to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, 17th Nov. 1806.

Lands for Sale.

TWO Tracts of Land laying on Racoon creek, near White's mill, Washington county, Pennsylvania, one containing 393 acres, the other 295 acres. These lands for situation and fertility, are exceeded by none in that part of the country, having been taken up at an early period. On one of which tracts there is a very natural and desirable mill scite,—on both excellent Sugar camps, and on each a tenement cleared sufficient for the support of a small family. The title indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase will please to call on Mr. SAMUEL MERCHANT, adjoining one of the tracts, who will shew them, and for terms to

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 1, 1806. tf.

N. B. If these lands are not sold previous to the sugar season, the sugar camps on each will be let on reasonable terms. *T. C.*

FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land containing 153 acres, situate in Pitt township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of David Irwin, John Diller, and James Millegan. This tract is first rate land, and has about 60 acres cleared and under good fence, a good house and barn erected thereon, and a bearing apple and peach orchard. For terms apply to *Dunning M'Nair*, Esq. or to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1806.

The stockholders of the Erie and Waterford Turnpike Road Company, are directed to pay the sums not heretofore called for, on their respective shares, at the times, in the manner and in the proportion following, to wit: Five Dollars on each share by them respectively held, on the 20th day of May next, Five Dollars on the 10th day of June next, Five Dollars on the 1st day of July next, Five Dollars on the 1st day of August next, Five Dollars on the 1st day of September next, and Five Dollars on the 1st day of October next, to Henry Baldwin, Esquire, Pittsburgh; Ralph Marlin Esquire, Meadville; John Vincent, Esquire, Waterford; or to the subscriber at Erie.

By order of the President and Managers,

JUDAH COLT, Treasurer.

Erie, April 6, 1807.

PHILIP MOWRY,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has removed to Pittsburgh, and that he carries on all manner of

Blacksmith Work,

in the *Stone Building* at the south corner of the Diamond, where those who please to call may be supplied with the best work on the shortest notice, and upon the best terms; and from his attention to business he hopes to receive encouragement from a generous public.

Pittsburgh, December 15, 1806.

☞ Merchants ascending or descending the rivers may be supplied with the best warranted Axes, Hoes, or any other kind of work, on the shortest notice.

N. B. Two Apprentices wanted to the above business. None need apply but Lads of good character.

Being duly impowered for that purpose, I offer for SALE.

A large Tract of Land,

in Beaver county, on both sides of Racoon creek about three or four miles from the mouth, adjoining to Bryan's mills, and known by the name of Col. Simm's land. A great bargain may be had for good payments, and the title indisputable. Enquire of CHARLES MORGAN, near the premises, or of the subscriber in Pittsbugh. PRESLEY NEVILL

FOR SALE.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres, situate on the waters of Robinson's run, in Robinson township, Allegheny county, about 5 miles from Pittsburgh, adjoining lands of George Cubbage, James Ewing, Esquire, and others. On this tract there is 30 acres cleared and under good fence. Apply to H. HASLET.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 17, 1806.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber's farm on Rhode River, in Ann Arundel County, State of Maryland, a Negro Man slave named GILBERT—He is very black, between thirty-five and forty years of age—about five feet, ten inches high—raw boned and loose made—he has lost his front upper teeth, and has a large scar on one of his legs just above his instep, occasioned by the cut of a scythe. He left the plantation on Easter Sunday, and it is supposed is making his way to the Ohio, in order to go down the river, as he has a wife belonging to Mr. William Johnson, who is now moved out to Kentucky with his family to settle in that country. He chews tobacco, is a fellow of simple and mean address, and easily alarmed. He will endeavour to pass for a free man, by the name of PETER MOORE, as he has a pass with that name inserted in it—his cloathing consisted of strong, country made, striped kersey, Osnaburg shirts, and a good felt hat.

If the above fellow should be taken up any where within forty miles of this place andbrought home to me, I will pay TWENTY DOLLARS therefor—If more than forty miles, and within one hundred miles, FIFTY CENTS for every mile that he shall be so distant from hence when taken; if more than one hundred miles from this place when apprehended, I will pay ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to me. Should he be taken up and secured in a goal, I will give one half of the above reward, regulating the same by the distance he is from hence when apprehended, provided I receive immediate notice thereof by post and recover the Fellow.

JAMES CARROLL.

City of Baltimore, Aprill 7, 1807. 6t

GENEVA GLASS.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the publick generally that he has on hand a large assortment of

Geneva Glass,

consisting of the following articles, to wit:
10 by 12, 8 by 10, and 7 by 9, Window Glass
Gallon, half gallon, quart and pint bottles
Gallon, half gallon, quart and pint jars,
Pitchers assorted
Quart, pint, half pint and gill tumblers,
Quart, pint, half pint and gill decanters
Goblets, cream jugs, quart and pint mugs and Bowls

All of which he will sell at the lowest Geneva prices, for cash or approved paper.

THOMAS CROMWELL.

Pittsburgh, April 6, 1807. tf.

Pittsburgh Point Brewery.

THE public are respectfully informed that the Point Brewery is in operation. Porter fit for the Natchez and New-Orleans market can be furnished at any time at seven dollars ninety cents per barrel. Best Strong Beer for exportation or home consumption at six dollars and of a middling quality for families at three dollars fifty cents per barrel, delivered in whole or half barrels any where in the Borough, as usual. Orders from the Town or Country, directed to the subscriber, will be carefully attended to.

For J. O'Hara,
GEORGE SHIRAS.

November 3, 1806.

TICKETS,

IN THE

Vincennes University Lottery,

(Price Five Dollars,)

For Sale at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. Companies may be supplied with any number, and no money will be required until the drawing commences.

FOR SALE,

THOSE Iron Works, with about 3000 acres of Land adjoining on Jacobs Creek, generally known by the name of the ALLIANCE IRON WORKS, and also the stock on hand, &c. on liberal terms and accommodating credit. The premises will be shewn by *Mr. Stinchcomb*, who resides at them, and applications to purchase received by the subscriber.

If not sold at private sale before the first day of July next, they will on that day be exposed to *Public Sale* on the premises. A complete title will be given to the purchaser. Apply to

SAMUEL HUGHES JUN.

Hagerstown (Maryland,) *March* 23, 1807. } 3m.